

# **UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

SECOND YEAR EXAMINATION FOR THE AWARD OF THE DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN MATHEMATICS AND APPLIED STATISTICS SECOND SEMESTER 2022/2023 [JANUARY-APRIL, 2023]

# MATH 210: LINEAR ALGEBRA I

#### STREAM: Y2S2

TIME: 2 HOURS

DAY: WEDNESDAY, 3:00 - 5:00 PM

DATE: 29/03/2023

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. Do not write anything on this question paper.

2. Answer question ONE and any other TWO questions.

## QUESTION ONE (COMPULSORY) (30 MARKS)

a) Calculate the determinant of the following matrices:

| i) $A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{3}{5} \end{pmatrix}$ | ii) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & -2 \\ 3 & -1 & 4 \\ -3 & 6 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$ | (7marks) |
|--|---|----------|
|--|---|----------|

- b) Find the eigen values of the matrix  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 9 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$
- c) Use Cramer's rule to solve: i)12u + 8a = 52 -16u + 6a = -36 (3marks) ii)a + 2b - 3c = 32a - b - c = 11
- d) Find the vector equation of a line which passes through the points A(4, 3, 1) and B(2, 1, 1).

(5marks)

(6marks)

e) Find the distance between the vectors  $\boldsymbol{u} = (1,2,3)$  and  $\boldsymbol{v} = (1,4,-1)$  (5marks)

#### QUESTION TWO (20MARKS)

3a + 2b + c = -5

a) Use Gauss-Jordan method to solve:

$$x + y + z = 4$$
  
2x - 3y + 4z = 33  
3x - 2y - 2z = 2 (6marks)

b) Reduce the matrix to canonical form:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & -2 \\ -5 & 3 & 2 \\ -2 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
Find the area of the triangle having the vertices at the points  $A(1, 0)$ ,  $B(2, 2)$  and  $C(4, 3)$ 
(7marks)

(7marks)

#### **QUESTION THREE** (20MARKS)

a) Use the augmented matrix to find the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
Solve the equation  $\begin{vmatrix} 4 & -x \\ r & 2x \end{vmatrix} = 4$ 
(3marks)

b) Solve the equation  $\begin{vmatrix} x \\ 5 \\ 2x \end{vmatrix} =$ 

c) Find the adjoint of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
(7marks)  
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

d) Determine the rank of the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 4 \\ -1 & -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(3marks)

#### **QUESTION FOUR (20MARKS)**

a) Find the co-factors of the matrix A, if:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 5 & 4 \\ 5 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
(8marks)  
$$Im + 1 \quad 0 \qquad 0 \quad I$$

b) Find the value of m for 
$$\begin{vmatrix} m & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & m & 3 \\ 2 & 8 & m+5 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$
 (7marks)

c) Show that the vectors 
$$\boldsymbol{u} = 3i - 4j$$
 and  $\boldsymbol{v} = 4i - 3j$  are orthogonal. (5marks)

#### QUESTION FIVE (20MARKS)

a) Define a linear transformation and hence show that T:  $R^3 \rightarrow R^2$  defined by:

$$T\begin{bmatrix} X_1\\X_2\\X_3\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 + X_2\\X_2 - X_3\end{bmatrix}$$
 is a linear transformation. (8marks)

- b) i) Define the term a symmetric matrix.. (2marks) ii) Prove that a symmetric matrix of order 2 is diagonalizable. (5marks)
- c) Find the point of intersection of the lines whose parametric equations are:

$$l_1: x = 3 - 2t, \qquad y = 4 + t$$

 $l_1: x = 1 + 4t, y = 5 + 2t$ 

(5marks)